Effectiveness review of AuditCotswolds 2010~2011

Following Cabinet approval at both authorities in November 2010 the Internal Audit Service at Cotswold District Council formed a Partnership with Cheltenham Borough Council (including Cheltenham Borough Homes) and West Oxfordshire District Council. This partnership is called 'AuditCotswolds'.

The mission of the AuditCotswolds is to provide independent, objective assurance and consulting services designed to add value and improve the partner Council's operations. It helps each Council accomplish its objectives by bringing a systematic, disciplined approach to evaluate and improve the effectiveness of risk management, control, and governance processes

There is a requirement for both authorities to deliver an effective Internal Audit as a statutory function under the Accounts and Audit (England) Regulations 2011 as shown below:

Internal audit

- Reg. 6:(1) A relevant body must undertake an adequate and effective internal audit of its accounting records and of its system of internal control in accordance with the proper practices in relation to internal control.
 - (2) Any officer or member of a relevant body must, if the body requires—
 - (a) make available such documents and records as appear to that body to be necessary for the purposes of the audit; and
 - (b) supply the body with such information and explanation as that body considers necessary for that purpose.

(3) A larger relevant body must, at least once in each year, conduct a review of the effectiveness of its internal audit.

(4) The findings of the review referred to in paragraph (3) must be considered, as part of the consideration of the system of internal control referred to in regulation 4(3), by the committee or body referred to in that paragraph.

Furthermore under the business case it was established that the partnership would deliver on the following three aims:

- 1. A sustainable high quality service
- 2. Reduce the cost of the service without adverse impact on aim 1
- 3. Provide progression and specialist development for the authority and individual, and generate potential income opportunities with other parties without adverse impact on aim 1 or 2

As the Internal Audit service is provided by the partnership there will only be one effectiveness review required for all authorities and it will also assess the achievement against the business case aims. The result of this review has comment by the Partnership Board and has been provided to Audit Committee for information.

Partnership Board Assessment against Business Case Aims 1 to 3

- 1. A sustainable high quality service
- 2. Reduce the cost of the service without adverse impact on aim 1
- 3. Provide progression and specialist development for the authority and individual, and generate potential income opportunities with other parties without adverse impact on aim 1 or 2

For each of the Aims listed below, please tick the most appropriate box for each question.

	Strongly Agree	Agree	Neither Agree or Disagree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
Aim 1					
Sustainable – there has been a clear demonstration through direct action within the partnership that ensures a higher likelihood of sustaining the service.	e				
High quality – The partnership complies with the CIPFA and CIIA codes of practice (evidence o compliance through review shown in Appendix 2)	f				
Aim 2					
Reduce the cost of the service – budget outturns at partner authorities identify savings as forecas (within reasonable tolerances)		X			
Aim 3					
Progression and specialist development – there is clear evidence that progression and specialis development has been undertaken and could potentially generate income	t				
Overall assessment by the Partnership Board	d:				
Audit Cotswolds has achieved its Aims for 2010/11 as set down in the business case & Has operated to a satisfactory level of compliance with the CIPFA and CIIA codes of Practice (see appendix 2 below).	ſ				

Cheltenham Partnership Board representative – Mark Sheldon (Director of Resources) Cotswold Partnership Board representative – Jenny Poole (Chief Finance Officer) West Oxfordshire Board representative – Paul Stuart (Head of Corporate Resources)

Appendix 2

AuditCotswolds

Internal Audit - Good Practice Self Assessment Checklist 2010/11

The Audit partnership (AuditCotswolds) has expanded by one site per year. Starting as a single site in 2008/09 (Cotswold DC) then Cheltenham BC including Cheltenham Borough Homes and in 2010/11 expanded to included West Oxfordshire DC. As a result of this some aspects remain only partial due to inconsistency at each site although compliance individually is sound.

Scoring:

1 = No - performance does	not comply with	good practice
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2 = Qualified - partial compliance

3 = Yes -	nerformance	complies with	aood r	oractice
3 - 163 -	penonnunce		yoou r	JUCIICE

2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	
CDC only	CCAP	Audit Cotswolds	
	enter		Evidence / Source
	1, 2 or 3		

SETTING CLEAR & PROPERLY FOCUSED OBJECTIVES

1. Internal audit has an agreed terms of reference.

1.1					Figure sign Dudge
1.1	The internal audit section has written terms of reference.	3	3	3	Financial Rules, supported by Internal Audit Charter, Memorandum of Understanding, Partnership Board Terms of Reference
1.2	The TOR have been agreed between the chief internal auditor, senior management and councillors.	3	3	3	Agreed with Corporate Team and Audit Committees
1.3	The TOR have regard to the CIPFA Code of Practice and guidance published by relevant accountancy bodies.	3	3	3	Charter is aligned to the Chartered Institute of Internal Auditors
1.4	The TOR frame objectives for internal audit that take account of the council's corporate aims and objectives.	3	3	3	Annual Plan is aligned to objectives & Charter is enabling Audit to fufil this element
1.5	The TOR make clear that internal audit should not be a substitute for effective control.	3	3	3	Charter
1.6	The TOR authorise internal audit's free access to all operations, information, records, assets and personnel across the council.	3	3	3	Financial Rules & Charter
1.7	The TOR are reflected in the council's standing orders and financial regulations.	3	3	3	Financial Rules
1.8	The communication arrangements between members and the chief internal auditor are set out in the TOR or standing orders.	3	3	3	Financial Rules, Council approved CIA role, (Possibly in new constitution) & CIA Job

					Description
1.9	The TOR are communicated across the council in the form of a mission statement or				Internal Audit is
	charter.				marketed on the Intranet and Charter
					published ~ Intranet
					requires update to
		2	3	2	reflect wider partnership
1.1	The TOR have been reviewed during the last 3 years				Reviewed in line with business case November
		3	3	3	2010
				•	
2. The	respective roles of management and internal audit in maintaining internal control are clearly	y defined and	l communico	ated.	
2.1	Management has defined control objectives for all major systems (financial and non-				Delegated Authorities in
	financial).				the Constitution,
		2	2	2	Procurement Strategy and Financial Rules.
2.2	Internal audit is consulted about significant proposed changes to internal control systems.	2	2	2	Audit Partnership
-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				Manager (APM) and
					Principal Auditors
					consulted on change programmes e.g. GO
					programme, Waste, One
		3	3	3	Team
2.3	The chief internal auditor provides an overall assessment for management of the robustness of internal control for the council's main systems, based on the work done that				Covered by
	Vear.				fundamental auditing
		2	2	2	each year, Annual
2.4	Internal audit reviews demonstrate to managers the strength of internal controls and the	3	3	3	Report & AGS Assurance opinion given
2.7	levels of risk within their systems.				in reports -
					recommendations
0.5	The chief internel qualitar reports to the representials officer or body the lagging for	3	3	3	prioritised.
2.5	The chief internal auditor reports to the responsible officer or body the basis for demonstrating compliance with Section 151 of the Local Government Act 1972				
					A DMA Demonto to Se officia
		3	3	3	APM Reports to Section 151 Officer
3. Inte	rnal audit has a clear role in relation to fraud.				
3.1	The council has an anti-fraud and corruption strategy.				Financial Rules, Anti
2					Fraud & Corruption
					Strategy, Whistleblowers
		3	3	3	Policy and Terms of Reference.
		3	3	3	ולבובופוונפ.

lown in the anti-fraud and corruption strategy.				Financial Rules, Anti
				Fraud & Corruption
				Strategy, Whistleblowers
				Policy and Terms of
	3	3	3	Reference.
ne council has a fraud response plan.				Financial Rules, Anti
				Fraud & Corruption
				Strategy, Whistleblowers
				Policy and Terms of
	3	3	3	Reference.
he fraud response plan clearly sets out the roles and responsibilities of internal audit and				Financial Rules, Anti
nanagement and includes a protocol for informing the police.				Fraud & Corruption
				Strategy, Whistleblowers
				Policy and Terms of
	3	3	3	Reference.
				Financial Rules, Anti
een communicated to all staff.				Fraud & Corruption
				Strategy, Whistleblowers
				Policy and Terms of
	3	3	3	Reference.
				Financial Rules, Anti
auds and improve internal control.				Fraud & Corruption
				Strategy, Whistleblowers
				Policy and Terms of
	3	3	3	Reference.
				Current version Sept 09 +
nce April 1996 during the last 3 years.				Leaflets issued Feb 2010
	3	3	3	to all staff
	0			
	hanagement and includes a protocol for informing the police. The council has a 'whistleblowing' policy or confidential reporting procedure that has been communicated to all staff. There appropriate, fraud investigations lead to recommendations to help disclose similar auds and improve internal control. The anti-fraud and corruption strategy and fraud response plan have been reviewed	and pre-council has a fraud response plan. and pre-fraud response plan clearly sets out the roles and responsibilities of internal audit and hanagement and includes a protocol for informing the police. and pre-council has a 'whistleblowing' policy or confidential reporting procedure that has een communicated to all staff. and improve internal control.	he council has a fraud response plan. a 3 3 he fraud response plan clearly sets out the roles and responsibilities of internal audit and lanagement and includes a protocol for informing the police. 3 3 he council has a 'whistleblowing' policy or confidential reporting procedure that has een communicated to all staff. 3 3 there appropriate, fraud investigations lead to recommendations to help disclose similar auds and improve internal control. 3 3 he anti-fraud and corruption strategy and fraud response plan have been reviewed nce April 1996 during the last 3 years. 3 3	the council has a fraud response plan. 3 3 3 3 3 3 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5

4.1	The chief internal auditor has direct access to members, the chief executive and senior managers.	3	3	3	Financial Rules, Internal Audit Charter
4.2	The chief internal auditor formally discusses the work and performance of internal audit with the chief executive / audit panel or equivalent at least annually.	3	3	3	Regular reports to Audit Committee and briefings to the Section 151 Officer
4.3	Internal audit determines its own priorities, based on risk assessment, in consultation with management.	3	3	3	Annual operational plan based on risk assessment. Audit Committee approves plan after CT consultation.

4.4	The chief internal auditor reports to the responsible finance officer under s95 or to a more senior manager in the council.				
	senior manager in me council.				
		3	3	3	Section 151 Officer
4.5	The level of seniority (management tier) of the chief internal auditor within the				APM reports to Sec 151
	management structure helps it to function effectively and independently.				officer but also access to
					CT, CEO, Leader and
					Audit Committee. From
					April 2011 Audit
					Partnership Manager
					now Head of Internal Audit at CBC and all
		3	3	3	
A /	Internal audit has unrestricted access to people, systems, documents and property as it	3	3	3	other partner Councils
4.6	considers necessary for the proper fulfilment of its responsibilities				
					Financial Rules and
		3	3	3	Charter
4.7	The chief internal auditor is free to report, without fear or favour, eg, the chief internal				
	auditor has the right of final edit and issues reports in his or her own name.				
					APM reports to Audit
	ernal audit is free of operational responsibilities that could compromise its independence.	3	3	3	Committee
	ernal audit is free of operational responsibilities that could compromise its independence. Internal audit is independent of any line management task and is seen to be independent.			-	Internal Audit Charter &
5.1	Internal audit is independent of any line management task and is seen to be independent.	3	3	3	
5.1	Internal audit is independent of any line management task and is seen to be			-	Internal Audit Charter & Financial Rules
5.1	Internal audit is independent of any line management task and is seen to be independent. Where internal audit provide advice and consultancy work, are staff clear when they are	3	3	3	Internal Audit Charter & Financial Rules Internal Audit Charter &
5.1 5.2	Internal audit is independent of any line management task and is seen to be independent. Where internal audit provide advice and consultancy work, are staff clear when they are operating as auditors and when they are not.			-	Internal Audit Charter & Financial Rules Internal Audit Charter & Declarations of Interest
5.1 5.2	Internal audit is independent of any line management task and is seen to be independent. Where internal audit provide advice and consultancy work, are staff clear when they are operating as auditors and when they are not. The chief internal auditor plans assignments to minimise the possibility of staff conflicts of	3	3	3	Internal Audit Charter & Financial Rules Internal Audit Charter & Declarations of Interest APM and Principal
5.1 5.2	Internal audit is independent of any line management task and is seen to be independent. Where internal audit provide advice and consultancy work, are staff clear when they are operating as auditors and when they are not.	3	3	3	Internal Audit Charter & Financial Rules Internal Audit Charter & Declarations of Interest APM and Principal Auditors allocate work
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6.1	Internal audit bases its risk assessment on information from the authority's risk				Risk Registers used where
0.1	management process and an agreed audit risk methodology.				possible - Risk Management Audit undertaken annually to
		2	3	3	assess risk maturity of organisation. Plus formal consultation process with SLT/SMT
6.2	Internal audit consults widely with management to identify critical systems and risks.	3	3	3	APM conducts a consultation with SMT/SLT each year
6.3	Internal audit has a comprehensive understanding of the authority's systems, structures and operations.				
		3	3	3	Audit plans and reports
6.4	Internal audit uses a formal framework to assess risks.	2	2	3	Audit planning process incorporates organisations risk register and other key documents for assessment.
5.5	Internal audit uses the risk assessment to prepare audit plans and prioritise its work.		_		Audit planning process incorporates risk
		3	3	3	assessments
6.6	Internal audit review their risk assessment basis at least annually periodically, depending on the extent of change within the organisation.				Audit uses an annually developed risk based plan and is approved by
		3	3	3	Audit Committee
Inte	ernal audit operates within a structured planning framework.				
7.1	Internal audit plans link back to the council's corporate aims and objectives and are co- ordinated with other review programmes (eg Best Value reviews).				
		3	3	3	Internal Audit Service Plan
7.2	Audit plans are produced in consultation with senior managers across the organisation.	3	3	3	Audit Plan agreed with CT/SLT and approved by Audit Committee
7.3	Internal audit has a strategic plan based on risk assessment, which sets out the audit scope and objectives.		<u> </u>		Audit Plan identifies the risk universe - scope and
					objectives confirmed at
		3	3	3	the audit brief level

7.4	The strategic plan sets out the resources required to meet the audit needs of the council and identifies any mismatch between resource needs and resource availability.				
		3	3	3	Available days planning linked to Audit Planning
7.5	An annual audit plan is produced which translates the strategic plan into audit assignments to be undertaken during the year.				
		3	3	3	Annual Audit Plan
7.6	Project plans are set out for each audit assignment, which allocate resources, set out the scope and objectives of the assignment and establish target completion dates.				
		3	3	3	Audit Brief
7.7	Audit plans are flexible enough to accommodate work that has arisen during the course of the plan without resulting in core risk areas not being reviewed.	3	3	3	Audit Brief identifies the possibility of focus change in the engagement
7.8	Significant changes to audit plans are approved by senior management and the audit committee (or equivalent).	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			Sec 151 Officer / Audit Committee / Partnership
		3	3	3	Board
7.9	The planning process takes account of the work undertaken by external audit and other review agencies and inspectorates.	3	3	3	Joint Working Agreement + BCP and PIR
7.1	Internal audit strategic plans are reviewed to reflect the changed priorities of the council.	3			Audit Plan agreed by SMT/SLT and approved
7.11	The agreed annual audit plan is only revised in exceptional circumstances.		3	3	by Audit Committee Core plan yes - Risk
8. Int 8.1	ernal audit has effective relationships with council members, council managers, external audi The timing of internal audit assignments is normally arranged with the management concerned to minimise disruption.	3 it, inspectorat	3 tes and other	3 ragencies.	based plan is fluid
		3	3	3	Agreed Brief
8.2	There is an ongoing dialogue between the auditor and client service throughout the audit	5	5	S	Agreed brief, includes
012	assignment.	3	2	2	findings feedback, draft report discussion and
8.3		3	3	3	findings feedback, draft report discussion and agreements Annual Audit letter / JWA from External
8.3	assignment. External audit place reliance on the work of internal audit (evidenced by explicit mention in annual Audit Letter).	3	3	3	findings feedback, draft report discussion and agreements Annual Audit letter / JWA from External Auditor
	assignment. External audit place reliance on the work of internal audit (evidenced by explicit mention				findings feedback, draft report discussion and agreements Annual Audit letter / JWA from External
8.3	assignment. External audit place reliance on the work of internal audit (evidenced by explicit mention in annual Audit Letter).	3	3	3	findings feedback, draft report discussion and agreements Annual Audit letter / JWA from External Auditor Audit files reviewed

8.6	Internal audit maintains good working relationships and channels of communication with elected members.	3	3	3	APM is the key contact for all Audit Committees
9. Inte	ernal audit properly manages, controls and records its work.				
9.1	Internal audit has documented policies and procedures contained in an audit manual.	3	2	2	Audit Manual to be updated to reflect expanded Partnership with WODC
9.2	The chief internal auditor allocates staff to assignments according to their skills and experience.	3	3	3	Annual Plan Allocation + Assurance/Consultancy on Programmes/Projects
9.3	Internal audit staff understand the objectives of their assignments and their responsibilities.	3	3	3	Scope set out in Brief
9.4	Internal audit has a rigorous approach to collecting and managing evidence.	3	3	3	Structured Working Papers and file system
9.5	Adequate working papers are prepared to support internal audit findings, conclusions and recommendations.	3	3	3	Audit files reviewed by Principal Auditors
9.6	Internal audit work is documented at all levels from audit planning to reporting.	3	3	3	Structured Working Papers
9.7	Internal audit assignments are adequately supervised and reviewed.	3	3	3	Audit files reviewed by Principal Auditors - APM approves final reports
	URCING THE INTERNAL AUDIT WORK PROGRAMME ternal audit is adequately staffed and resourced.				
10.1	The chief internal auditor is professionally qualified and has wide experience of internal audit and its management.	3	3	3	Member of 3 professional bodies (CMIIA/MCMI/AMS) and three postgraduate qualifications (DMS/MA/PgDip) and 10+ years experience
_	The chief internal auditor has identified a staffing structure that enables internal audit to				
10.2	meet its objectives and the changing needs of the organisation.				Organisation structure approved - partnership
10.2	Internal audit has adequate resources to enable it to meet its work objectives efficiently and effectively.	3	3	3	

10.4	Internal audit employs or has access to people with relevant skills and experience in order to undertake the required tasks.	3	3	3	Skilled staff, access to consultants and other LA's
10.5	Where required the chief internal auditor can 'buy in' people for specialist work who are suitably experienced and qualified.	3	3	3	Consultants and Partnership staff. Recruited an ICT Auditor due to expansion of partnership in 2010/11
10.6	Internal audit uses appropriate the latest technology for planning, audit work and reporting.	2	2	3	Internal system using Microsoft Office software - Huddle is used for cross site management
10.7	All audit staff have job descriptions and personnel specifications that reflect their current post.	3	3	3	JD and PS exist for all posts
11. In	ternal audit staff are suitably trained and developed.				
11.1	An induction programme has been prepared for all new audit staff.	3	3	3	Formal Council Induction programme + Published training programme
11.2	Training is tailored to the needs of individual auditors and includes both theoretical knowledge and its practical application.	3	3	3	Appraisal system covers + coaching for new staff
11.3	Internal auditors keep up-to-date with current developments in auditing and the issues facing the audited body.	3	3	3	CIIA / CIPFA / AAT / CIMA memberships, GCIAG & MDCIAG, TISonline, CMI online, Team Brief & CPD plan
11.4	All staff maintain competence through professional development.	3	3	3	Appraisal system and training programme (see plan 2009/10)
11.5	The chief internal auditor co-ordinates and keeps under review the training and development requirements of internal auditor staff.	3	3	3	Appraisal system and team meetings
12. In	ternal audit has clear reporting arrangements that provide management with an opinion on	the adequacy	of internal c	ontrols.	
12.1	The chief internal auditor produces an annual report, which contains a view on the soundness of the council's internal control system.	3	3	3	Year end annual report to Audit Committee - feeds into the AGS
12.2	Internal audit has documented, systematic, procedures in place for producing and clearing reports.	3	2	2	To be updated for partnership for consistency
12.3	Reporting arrangements, including timescales for drafting, finalisation and management action have been agreed with management.	3	2	2	To be updated for partnership for consistency

12.4	Internal audit produces clear, concise, constructive written reports (in the opinion of the external auditor).				External audit provided with copies of Internal
12.5	Before issuing final reports, internal audit discusses the contents with management, and	3	3	3	audit reports
	may submit a draft to confirm factual accuracy.	3	3	3	As routine on all audits
12.6	Where internal audit and management disagree the relevance of the factual content, the chief internal auditor has the opportunity to refer to this in his/her report.				Sec 151 officer, Director, CEO, Audit Committee Chairman, Leader of the Council (Case example
		3	3	3	CRB audit)
13. In 13.1	ternal audit follow up their recommendations to ensure action is taken. Internal audit, agrees 'SMART' action plans, which identify persons responsible for				
10.1	implementation, with management to review progress of implementation by both parties.				Recommendation Action Plan in every
		3	3	3	report
13.2	Internal audit reports instances of significant failure to comply with action plans to the appropriate senior management/members corporate management team.				Reports identify previous recommendations that have not been
13.3	Where management do not implement internal auditrecommendations, it is clear that	3	3	3	implemented
10.0	they accept the risk resulting from not taking action.	3	3	3	Determined at follow up, reported to Audit Committee
13.4	The results of follow up work by internal audit are used to update the Audit Committee.	3	2	3	Follow-up work is reported to Audit Committees (shown in annual report 2010/11 at CBC)
13.5	The results of follow up work by internal audit are used to inform updated audit plans.				Audit follow-up feeds Audit Planning process, 2010/11 plan included some specific follow-up
		2	2	3	audits
14. Ini	ING INTERNAL AUDIT TO ACCOUNT FOR ITS PERFORMANCE ternal audit has a performance management framework that ensures continuous review of its mance.	5			
14.1	Internal audit is accountable to an audit committee or equivalent body.				
		3	3	3	Audit Committee
14.2	The chief internal auditor prepares an annual plan that is presented to senior management and the audit committee (or its equivalent).				CT/SLT and Audit
		3	3	3	Committees

14.3	The chief internal auditor uses a set of indicators to measure the performance of internal audit.	3	3	3	Reported through Covalent + Partnership Board. APM recieves an annual appraisal by the Barthorrhip Board
14.4	Internal audit has a documented system for evaluating the performance of the unit as a whole.	<u> </u>	3	3	Partnership Board Partnership Board and Annual effectiveness
		3	3	3	review
14.5	The chief internal auditor is responsible for continuously maintaining and developing the performance management in internal audit.	3	3	3	Service plan tasks & Team meetings
14.6	Internal audit is accredited under a national or international quality standard (eg IIP, EFQM, etc).	2	3	3	CIPFA Code of Practice & CIIA Standards
15. Th	e chief internal auditor promotes and maintains professional standards in internal audit.				
15.1	Internal auditors possess knowledge of the council and its systems to a level commensurate with their role in the unit.				Appraisal and training promotes + Audit Partnership Manager + Principal Auditor role
15.2	Internal auditors are impartial in discharging their responsibilities	3	3	3	guides
10.2		3	3	3	Internal Audit Charter
15.3	Disciplinary procedures are invoked where a staff member contravenes the ethical standards required by the accountancy bodies.				Employee Code of
15.4	Internal audit maintains a current register of declarations of interest, and acceptance of	3	3	3	Conduct Officer Declaration of
	hospitality.	2	3	3	Interest & Hospitality register
	SUMMARY	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	
	1 = No - performance does not comply with good practice	0	0	0	0%
	2 = Qualified - partial compliance	8	8	5	5%
	3 = Yes - performance complies with good practice	89	89	92	95%
	Total Questions	97	97	97	100%
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